

Integer Programming Methods

Homework set 2

Please conform to the following instructions:

1. Make the homework in groups of 2 or 3 persons.
 2. Hand in you answers as pdf file.
 - (a) Use the tile “IntPM.Homework_Set_1-<groupname>.pdf”.
 - (b) At the start of your file mention your names.
 - (c) The report must be clearly written, concise and complete.
 3. Hand in your report by e-mail to spliet@ese.eur.nl.
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Exercise 1

Consider the formulation for the network design problem given in Section 2.10.2 in the book.

- a. Use the block diagonal structure, where each block corresponds to an arc $a \in A$, to derive a Dantzig-Wolfe reformulation.
- b. Use the block diagonal structure, where each block corresponds to a commodity $k = 1, \dots, K$, to derive a different Dantzig-Wolfe reformulation.
- c. For each of these Dantzig-Wolfe reformulations, describe the pricing problem to solve the corresponding relaxation using column generation.

Exercise 2

Consider the octahedron oct_n :

$$\text{oct}_n = \left\{ \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n : \sum_{i \in S} x_i - \sum_{i \notin S} x_i \leq 1, S \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\} \right\}.$$

- a. Show that all the 2^n inequalities $\sum_{i \in S} x_i - \sum_{i \notin S} x_i \leq 1, S \subseteq \{1, \dots, n\}$ define facets of oct_n .
- b. Show that oct_n has $2n$ vertices, namely the unit vectors \mathbf{e}_i and their negatives $-\mathbf{e}_i$, for $i = 1, \dots, n$.

Define $P = \left\{ (\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{z}) \in \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^{2n} : \mathbf{x} = \sum_{i=1}^n z_i \mathbf{e}_i - \sum_{i=1}^n z_{n+i} \mathbf{e}_i, \sum_{i=1}^{2n} z_i = 1, \mathbf{z} \geq \mathbf{0} \right\}$.

- c. Show that $\text{proj}_x(P) = \text{oct}_n$.
- d. Show that $\dim(P) = 2n - 1$.
- e. Show that P has exactly $2n$ facets, defined by the inequalities $z_i \geq 0$ for $i = 1, \dots, 2n$.